## West Norfolk Academies Trust (Primary) – Curriculum Map – Music (Charanga) 24

THE	Auto	umn	Spr	ing	Sum	mer
Preschool				Are we there yet?		
Knowledge Preschool vocabulary	Friends Listening and responding You got a friend in me! Randy Newman I can enjoy and move to a variety of rhymes and poems I can clap and stamp to rhythms I can use body/ musical instruments and move to songs listen move clap dance tune beat enjoy	Nighttime Listening and responding Happy Diwali Nagada Sang Dhol Christmas songs that are memorable and can be learnt eg twinkle twinkle , santa got stuck up the chimney I can use my singing skills to learn songs and sing in time sing tune high low fast slow	I want to tell you a story Listening and responding I can recall lyrics,tune to Old Macdonald, Princess long ago I can invent my own ideas for the song I enjoy singing time and use my voice to join in listen move clap dance tune beat enjoy	Listening and responding Sailing Away (Shipping forecast) Glenn Miller - Chattanooga Choo Choo I can recognise slower and faster rhythms I can respond to vocab to change my rhythm sing tune high low fast slow	Minibeasts Listen and respond Itsy bitsy spider Love is like a butterfly - Dolly Parton I know an old lady who swallowed a fly I can move to the sounds in the song I can sing using pitch and volume pitch loud quiet sweet high	On the beach Listen and respond Vivaldi Storm I can describe sounds heard I can name some instruments I can make images base on sounds instrument guitar violin drum tambourine flute

EYFS Knowledge	All about me! I can sing nursery rhymes. I can use instruments to accompany myself when I perform indoors/outdoors on the stage – I can clap along to the rhymes in simple terms different styles of music, focusing on Beatles (past) and Pharrell Williams (present). I can listen to and describe in simple terms different styles of music, focusing on Beatles (past) and Pharrell Williams (present). I can hear the	My Stories I can learn the song Rhythm In The Way We Walk I can improve my vocals with vocal warm ups and varied volume. I can perform the song and link movements to song. I can express enjoyment and compose my own tunes. I can listen to and appraise.	Everyone I can learn a wider range of songs and rhymes, clapping to the beat and rhythm. I can listen to music that is classical and instrumental (coronation music) I can hear and name some instruments. I can respond and describe my feelings by listening to the music. I can enjoy reggae with Bob Marley's song one love.	Our World I can learn and sing a wider range of songs and rhymes. I can improvise movements and clap along to beat. I can sing high/low/loud/quiet. I can explore sounds using musical instrument.	Big Bear Funk I can enjoy music linked to animals. I can hear how the music creates a sound like an animal Carnival of the Animals San Cere / Flight of the bumblebee Korsakov). I can describe my ideas to others and explain what I like and don't like. I can use instruments to create sounds like animals and create a repeating pattern.	Reflect, Rewind and Replay I can recall my learning. I can practice and remember nursery rhymes and/or song. Sing and revisit nursery rhymes and action song. I can play instruments within the song. I can make up using voices and instruments. I can compose simple songs with instruments and vocals.
	difference between one voice and a group of voices.					

EYFS Vocabulary	Listen, sing, pitch, happy, volume, beat, rhythm, enjoyment, disco music		Loud, slow, trumpet, piano, violin, cello, classical music, reggae music		Instruments, perform, orchestra, fast, slow, sweet, enjoy	
Year 1 Knowledge	Autumn 1 My Musical Heartbeat	Autumn 2 Dance, Sing and Play!	Spring 1 Exploring Sounds	Spring 2 Learning to Listen	Summer 1 Having Fun with Improvisation	Summer 2 Let's Perform Together

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	Social Theme:	Social Theme:	Social Theme:	Social Theme:	Social Theme:	Social Theme:
	How can we make	How does music tell	How does music make	How does music help	What songs can we	How does music teach
	friends when we sing	stories about the past?	the world a better	us understand our	sing to help us through	us about looking after
	together?		place?	neighbours?	the day?	our planet?
	Musical Learning:	Musical Learning:	Musical Learning:	Musical Learning:	Musical Learning:	Musical Learning:
	Singing and listening	Singing and listening	Singing and listening	Singing and listening	Singing and listening	Singing and listening
	are at the heart of each	are at the heart of each	are at the heart of each	are at the heart of each	are at the heart of each	are at the heart of each
	lesson. Play, improvise	lesson. Play, improvise	lesson. Play, improvise	lesson. Play, improvise	lesson. Play, improvise	lesson. Play, improvise
	and compose using a	and compose using a	and compose using a	and compose using a	and compose using a	and compose using a
	selection of these	selection of these	selection of these	selection of these	selection of these	selection of these
	notes: C, D, E, F, G.	notes: C, D, E, F, F♯, G,	notes: C, D, E, F, F♯, G,	notes: C, D, E, F, F♯, G,	notes: C, D, E, F, F♯, G,	notes: C, D, E, F, F♯, G,
		A	A	A	A	A, B
		Musical Crattings			Musical Spatlight	Musical Spatlight
	Musical Spotlight:	Musical Spotlight:	Musical Spotlight:	Musical Spotlight:	Musical Spotlight: Improvising is fun! It's	Musical Spotlight: Singing, dancing and
	Every piece of music	Music is made up of long and short sounds	Music is made up of	Listening is very	an exciting activity	playing together is
	has a heartbeat - a	called 'rhythm' and high	high and low sounds,	important. You can	where everyone is	called 'performing'.
	musical heartbeat. In	and low sounds that we	long and short sounds,	listen with your eyes	creating something	Performing together is
	music, we call it the	call 'pitch'. As you	and loud and quiet	and ears and you can	new. It can be a melody	great fun! Plan a
	'pulse' or the 'beat' of	dance, sing, and play	sounds. Explore these	also feel sound in your	or a rhythm. When you	concert together to
	the music. When you	instruments with the	sounds and create your	body. What can you	improvise, you can do it	celebrate all the songs
	are listening and	music in this unit,	own very simple	hear in this unit?	on your own or in	you have learnt this
	singing to the music	explore these sounds	melodies.		groups.	year.
	and songs in this Unit,	and how they work				
	try to find and keep the	together.				
	pulse or steady beat					
	together. You might					
	march, clap or sway in					
	time - find a movement					
	that helps you to keep the beat.					
		Musical styles:			Musical styles:	Musical styles:
	Musical styles:	Reggae, pop, waltz,	Musical styles:	Musical styles:	Pop, swing, jazz, Latin	pop, European
	Hip Hop, Rap, Pop,	gospel, 20 <sup>th</sup> & 21 <sup>st</sup>	Pop, waltz, reggae,	Swing, pop, lullaby, 20th	lullaby, classical	Classical, Marching
	Jazz, Soul, Classical	Century Orchestral	funk, 20 <sup>th</sup> & 21 <sup>st</sup>	& 21 <sup>st</sup> Century	-	band, Country, Reggae,
		-	Century Orchestral	Orchestral		Gospel, Jazz
Year 1	Beat, pulse, pitch,	Beat, pulse, rhythm,	Beat, pulse, rhythm,	Beat, pulse, rhythm,	Beat, pulse, rhythm,	Beat, pulse, rhythm,
Vocabulary	tempo, rhythm, high,	pitch, long, short, high,	pitch, trumpets, high,	pitch, melody, listening,	pitch, perform,	pitch, perform,
	low, march, clap, sway,	low, musical style,	low, long, short	violin, Swing, pop,	improvise, compose,	percussion, concert,
	musician, sing, listen,	structure, musician,	(staccato), dynamic,	Iullaby, 20 <sup>th</sup> & 21 <sup>st</sup>	melody, percussion,	texture (thick),
	movement, fast, slow,	glockenspiel, Reggae,	tempo, forte, piano,	Century Orchestral	tempo, fast, slow, Pop,	articulation, pop,
	perform, Hip Hop, Rap,	pop, waltz, gospel, 20 <sup>th</sup>	musician, instrument,		swing, jazz, Latin	European Classical,
	Pop, Jazz, Soul, Classical	& 21 <sup>st</sup> Century Orchestral	Pop, waltz, reggae,		lullaby, classical	Marching band,
	Classical	Urchestral				

			funk, 20 <sup>th</sup> & 21 <sup>st</sup>			Country, Reggae,
			Century Orchestral			Gospel, Jazz
Year 2 Knowledge	Pulse, Rhythm and Pitch	Playing in an Orchestra	Inventing a Musical Story	Recognising Different Sounds	Exploring Improvisation	Our Big Concert
	Social Theme: How does music help us to make friends?	Social Theme: How does music teach us about the past?	Social Theme: How does music make the world a better place?	Social Theme: How does music teach us about the neighbourhood?	Social Theme: How does music make us happy?	Social Theme: How does Music teach us about looking after our Planet?
	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these notes: C, D, E, F, G, A	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these notes: C, D, E, F, G, A, B ♭, B	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these notes: C, D, E, F, G, A, B ♭, B	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these notes: C, D, E, F, G, A, B ♭, B	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these notes: C, D, E, F, G, A, B ♭, B	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these notes: C, D, E, F, F♯, G, A, B ♭, B
	Musical Spotlight: Music has a pulse, a steady beat. Music is also made up of long and short and high and low sounds, called 'rhythm' and 'pitch'. These elements combine when we sing and play. As you listen to, sing, play and dance to the music in this unit, explore these elements of music and how they work together.	Musical Spotlight: Playing together is a very important part of learning music. There are many ensembles, bands and groups you can play in. One of these groups is an orchestra. This unit features the orchestra - what can you learn about the orchestra?	Musical Spotlight: Music is used for many reasons and can help us to tell a story and express our feelings. Music can be loud or soft, fast or slow, smooth and connected, or short and detached. We can also use instruments with different sounds to help communicate a story and different emotions. Explore the music in this unit and try to connect your feelings with what you hear. Do any of the songs tell a story? Use the music in this unit to explore loud and soft sounds.	Musical Spotlight: When voices or instruments work together to play different pitches that sound at the same time, we can hear harmony in music! Explore the voices and instruments used within the music in this unit to identify how and when harmony takes place. How many different instruments can you recognise in the songs in this unit?	Musical Spotlight: Explore improvisation a bit further in this unit. Perhaps use two or three notes and have a go playing or singing on your own. Explore and have fun!	Musical Spotlight: Put on a big concert! Present your choice of songs to create a performance. Remember to introduce the songs and tell your audience what you have learnt.
	<b>Musical styles:</b> Soul, 20th Century classical, Jazz, Rock	Musical styles:	<b>Musical styles:</b> Pop, Jazz: Ragtime, Kwela	Musical styles:	Musical styles:	<b>Musical styles:</b> Pop, Rock, Calypso, Reggae

		Jazz, 20th and 21st		Romantic/20th Century	Rock, Film Music,	
		Century orchestral/		Orchestral, Marching	Heavy Metal, Punk,	
		Choral, Jazz/Swing		Band, Gospel	Funk, Jazz, Calypso	
Year 2	Pulse, beat, long/ short	Ensemble, band,	Dynamic (forte, piano),	Pitch (high/ low),	Tempo, pulse, beat,	Concert, performance,
Vocabulary	rhythm, high/ low pitch,	orchestra, percussion,	tempo (fast/ slow),	harmony, beat, voices,	improvisation, notation,	perform, audience,
	elements, performance,	thick/ thin texture,	articulation (legato/	texture (thin/ thick),	repetition, dynamics	dynamics (mezzo forte,
	compose, Soul, 20th	legato/ staccato	staccato), storytelling,	rhythm, structure (intro,	(loud/ soft/ in-between),	mezzo piano,
	Century classical, Jazz,	articulation, brass,	musical style,	verse, chorus, outro),	imagination, tempo	in-between), call and
	Rock	strings, woodwind,	composer, vocals/	piano, band, snare	change, electric guitar,	response, texture (one
		percussion, conductor,	lyrics, Pop, Jazz:	drum, dynamics	song/ piece, Rock, Film	voice or more), thin,
		Jazz, 20th and 21st	Ragtime, Kwela	(musical symbol f / p),	Music, Heavy Metal,	thick, Pop, Rock,
		Century orchestral/		Romantic/20th Century	Punk, Funk, Jazz,	Calypso, Reggae
		Choral, Jazz/Swing		Orchestral, Marching	Calypso	
				Band, Gospel		
Year 3	Writing Music Down	Playing in a Band	Composing using	More Musical Styles	Enjoying	Opening Night
Knowledge	_		your imagination	_	Improvisation	
					-	
	Social Theme:	Social Theme:	Social Theme:	Social Theme:	Social Theme:	Social Theme:
	How does music bring	What stories does	How does music make	How does music help	How does Music make	How does music
	us closer together?	music tell us about the	the world a better	us get to know our	a difference to us every	connect us with our
	_	past?	place?	community?	day?	planet?
		-			, ,	
	Musical Learning:	Musical Learning:	Musical Learning:	Musical Learning:	Musical Learning:	Musical Learning:
	Singing and listening	Singing and listening	Singing and listening	Singing and listening	Singing and listening	Singing and listening are
	are at the heart of each	are at the heart of each	are at the heart of each	are at the heart of each	are at the heart of each	at the heart of each
	lesson. Play, improvise	lesson. Play, improvise	lesson. Play, improvise	lesson. Play, improvise	lesson. Play, improvise	lesson. Play, improvise
	and compose using a	and compose using a	and compose using a	and compose using a	and compose using a	and compose using a
	selection of these	selection of these	selection of these	selection of these	selection of these	selection of these notes:
	notes: C, D, E, F, G, A,	notes: C, D, E, F, G, A,	notes: C, D, E, F, F♯, G,	notes: C, D, E, F, F♯, G,	notes: C, D, E, F, F♯, G,	C, D, E, F, F♯, G♯, G, A,
	В	В	G♯, A, B	G♯, A, B	G♯, A, B♭, B	B ♭ , B
	Musical Spotlight:	Musical Spotlight:	Musical Craticity		Musical Or atlights	Musical Spotlight:
	Long and short (rhythm)	Playing together in a	Musical Spotlight:	Musical Spotlight:	Musical Spotlight:	Have fun planning your
	and high and low (pitch)	band is fun and	Use your imagination	Music, with all its	Exploring the structure	performance!
	sounds can be	exciting! Try to read the	when creating your	styles, has changed	of songs is interesting	Create and present a
	represented by musical	notation of one of the	compositions in this	and shaped lives	and important. There	performance with an
	symbols. These	easy instrumental parts	unit. What do you see	around the world.	are patterns in songs	understanding of the
	symbols can be written	when playing together	when you close your	When you listen to	that you will recognise.	songs you are singing
	on a stave and named	in this unit. In music, the	eyes? Can you write a	music and it changes	Listening, singing,	and where they fit in the
	with special musical	steady beat is	melody or find sounds	from loud to quiet or	playing and improvising	world.
	names. This helps us to	organised by time	that represent the story	quiet to loud, it can be	are some of them.	Present what has been
	remember what we are	signatures which tell us	you want to tell?	very exciting! We call	Introduction, verse, and	learnt in the lesson with
				these changes	chorus are some more.	
	going to sing and play.	how many beats there				confidence.

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	Explore the notes, crotchets and minims within the music you learn. See how these notes can fit on the lines and spaces of a stave.	are in each bar. What are the time signatures of the music you are playing? When people sing or use instruments to play two or more different pitches that sound at the same time, we can hear harmony in music. Explore singing and playing instruments		'dynamics'. Loud sounds are called 'forte', and quiet sounds are called 'piano'. Explore these changes in dynamics within the music in this unit.	You will improvise over a section of the song. Can you work out where you will improvise in the songs in this unit? Can you identify sections of the music that change or repeat?	If you want to create your own band, use the simple band parts provided. Every instrument is there!
	<b>Musical styles:</b> Country, Baroque, Pop	together to create these beautiful sounds. <b>Musical styles:</b> Disco, Jazz: New Orleans, Film music, Folk, sea shanty	<b>Musical styles</b> : Pop, Disco , Pop Ballad, Soul, Musicals, Gospel	<b>Musical styles:</b> Pop, Romantic, Rock, Native American and Gospel, Soul.	<b>Musical styles:</b> Gospel, Musicals, Jazz, 20 <sup>th</sup> Century Orchestral, Hip Hop	<b>Musical styles:</b> Gospel, Romantic, Pop, 20 <sup>th</sup> Century Orchestral, Hip Hop
Year 3 Vocabulary	Notation, rhythm, pitch, musical symbols, stave, crochet, minims, pitch (high/ low), tonality (major (happy) / minor (sad)), melody, tempo (fast, slow), texture (thick/ thin), Country, Baroque, Pop	Notation, steady beat, time signature, harmony, pitch (high/ low) dynamic contrast, 2/3/4 beats in a bar, tempo (fast, slow, steady), Disco, Jazz: New Orleans, Film music, Folk, sea shanty	Compose, composition, melody, storytelling, tonality (major/ minor), articulation (legato/ staccato), structure (instrumental section), notation, Pop, Disco, Pop Ballad, Soul, Musicals, Gospel	Musical style, dynamic change (crescendo, diminuendo), forte (f), piano (p), tonality (major, minor, blues), atmosphere (tense/ scary), Pop, Romantic, Rock, Native American and Gospel, Soul.	Structure (intro, bridge, verse, chorus, outro), pattern, repetition, improvisation, dynamic contrast, rhythm (syncopation (off beat)), accompaniment, instrumental, Gospel, Musicals, Jazz, 20 <sup>th</sup> Century Orchestral, Hip Hop	Performance, perform, create, band, synthesizer, guitar, bass guitar, drum kit, lead vocals, backing vocals, Gospel, Romantic, Pop, 20 <sup>th</sup> Century Orchestral, Hip Hop
Year 4	Musical Structures	Exploring Feelings	Compose with Your	Feelings Through	Expression and	The Show Must Go
Knowledge	Social Theme: How does Music bring us together?	When You Play Social Theme: How does Music connect us with our past?	Friends Social Theme: How Does Music Improve Our World?	Music Social Theme: How does music teach us about our community?	Improvisation Social Theme: How does music shape our way of life?	on! Social Theme: How does Music connect with the environment?
	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a	<b>Musical Learning:</b> Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a	<b>Musical Learning:</b> Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise	<b>Musical Learning:</b> Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise

	selection of these notes: C, D, E, F, G, A,	and compose using a selection of these	selection of these notes: C, D, E, F, F♯, G,	and compose using a selection of these	and compose using a selection of these	and compose using a selection of these
	B ♭	notes: C, D, E, F, F#, G,	A, B b , B	notes: C, D, E, F♯, G,	notes: C, D, E, F, F♯, G,	notes: C, D, E, F, F♯, G,
	-,	A, B b , B		A, B ♭ , B	A, B ♭ , B	A, B, B, C♯
	Musical Spotlight: Musical sections that	Musical Spotlight:	Musical Spotlight: When you are	Musical Spotlight:	Musical Spotlight:	Musical Spotlight:
	repeat or change help	Sometimes, the music	composing music	Music is used for many	Improvisation is a way	Create and present a
	create the structure, or	we hear highlights the	together, there is a lot	reasons and can help	to express our feelings.	performance!
	form, of a piece of	words we are singing!	to remember! Music is	us express our feelings.	Music comes from our	Present what has been
	music or a song. Look	There might be a	often written based on	Music can be loud or	hearts. To make your	learnt in the lesson with confidence. Introduce
	for patterns in the sections of music and	special effect in the music on a particular	various key signatures that guide melodies	quiet, fast or slow, smooth and connected	improvisation more expressive in this unit,	the performance with an
	songs within this unit.	song lyric to make that	used in the music.	or short and detached.	add dynamics.	understanding of what
	Verses and choruses	word stand out. Explore	There is often a note	We can also use		the songs are about
	can repeat or alternate	how special effects in	that sounds like 'home',	instruments with		and any other connections.
	and these provide structure in music.	music can make the words we sing more	or where a melody should 'land'. This is	different sounds to help communicate different		Remember, use the
		meaningful. The sounds	called the 'tonic pitch'	emotions. Explore the		simple band parts if you
		that we hear in music	or the 'home note' and	music in this unit and		want to.
		can also help to	makes a melody or a	try to connect your		
		communicate specific moods.	song sound final – like it has been resolved.	feelings with what you hear.		
			Practice listening,	nour.		
			singing, and playing			
			instruments to explore			
			this important note in music.			
			maolo.			
			Musical Styles:			
	Musical Styles: 20 <sup>th</sup> and 21 <sup>st</sup> Century	Musical Styles: Future Pop, Electronic	Disco, Musicals, Folk, 20 <sup>th</sup> and 21 <sup>st</sup> century	Musical Styles: R and B, Classical,	Musical Styles:	Musical Styles: Choral, Funk, Electronic
	Orchestral, Reggae,	Dance, Folk, Jazz	orchestral, waltz	Jazz, Romantic, Rock,	20 <sup>th</sup> and 21 <sup>st</sup> century orchestral/ choral,	Dance Music
	Soul, Hip Hop, Country			Nursery Rhyme	Gospel, Romantic,	Balloo Indolo
	and Western				Medieval Music	
Year 4 Vocabulary	Repetition, structure (verse and chorus),	Accent (>), instrumental layers, texture, tonality,	Key signature, melody, home note, tonic, pitch,	Dynamic, fortissimo (ff), pianissimo (pp), tempo,	Improvisation, dynamics (ff, pp, mp, mf, f, p),	Articulation change, melodic change, timbre
vocabulary	form, pattern, time	legato (flowing and	Disco, Musicals, Folk,	pitch, timbre (soft /	lyrics, accompaniment	change, Choral, Funk,
	signature (6/8),	gentle), Future Pop,	20 <sup>th</sup> and 21 <sup>st</sup> century	harsh), chords,	(piano/ band), 20 <sup>th</sup> and	Electronic Dance Music
	harmony, melody, 20 <sup>th</sup>	Electronic Dance, Folk,	orchestral, waltz	syncopation (off beat),	21 <sup>st</sup> century orchestral/	
	and 21 <sup>st</sup> Century Orchestral, Reggae,	Jazz		R and B, Classical, Jazz, Romantic, Rock,	choral, Gospel, Romantic, Medieval	
	Soul, Hip Hop, Country			Nursery Rhyme	Music	
	and Western			, j j		

Year 5 Knowledge	Melody and Harmony in Music	Sing and Play in Different Styles	Composing and Chords	Enjoying Musical Styles	Freedom to Improvise	Battle of the Bands
	Social Theme: How does music bring us together?	Social Theme: How does music connect us with our past?	Social Theme: How does music improve our world?	Social Theme: How does Music teach us about our community?	<b>Social Theme:</b> How does Music shape our way of life.	Social Theme: How does music connect us with the environment?
	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these notes: C, D, E b , E, F, F♯, G, A, A b , B b , B	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these notes: C, D, E ♭, E, F, F♯, G, A ♭, A, B ♭, B	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these notes: C, D, E b , E, F, F♯, G, A b , A, B b , B	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these notes: C, D, E, E ♭ , F♯, F, G, A ♭ , A, B ♭	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these notes: C, D, E ♭, E, F, F♯, G, A, B ♭, B	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these notes: C, D, E ♭, E, F, F♯, G, G♯, A ♭, A, B ♭
	Musical Spotlight: A melody (or a tune) is a group of notes played one after another. In music, 'melody' contrasts with 'harmony'. Harmony means notes which are played at the same time, like chords. Composers often think of a melody and then add harmony to it.	Musical Spotlight: Singing and playing in different styles with different grooves is part of being in a band or an ensemble. We learn about music from all around the world, too. In music, 'tempo' refers to the speed of the beat – or how fast or slow the music sounds. Sometimes tempos stay the same throughout a song, and sometimes they change. When you are singing and playing, explore the various tempos of the music in this unit.	Musical Spotlight: If we play three or more pitches together, we can create chords in music. Chords provide the basis for accompaniment in music. By using chords in compositions, we can create music that is really interesting. In this unit, you will create an accompaniment and the composition extension activities will help you to learn about chords.	Musical Spotlight: There are so many different, wonderful and interesting styles of music. Something that happens in music that makes it so interesting is 'texture'. 'Texture' refers to the layers of sound you hear in a piece of music. Texture can be the number of voices and instruments you hear at once. Styles of music have different textures. Explore how voices and instruments combine to create texture in music.	Musical Spotlight: Improvisation gives you the freedom to express yourself, to really go for it! When you improvise in this unit, why not use notes that lie further apart? An 'interval' in music refers to the distance between two pitches. Some notes lie right next to each other (stepping motion) while other notes lie further apart (skipping motion).	Musical Spotlight: Create a fun and confident performance with your choice of music and songs. You might perform in small groups and as a whole class. You might have your own band that wants to perform. You decide. Introduce your music professionally, and think about your audience and what they would like to see and hear. Don't forget to use the simple band parts. Enjoy!
	<b>Musical styles:</b> 20 <sup>th</sup> and 21 <sup>st</sup> Century Orchestral, Gospel	Musical Styles: Pop, Minimalism, 20 <sup>th</sup> and 21 <sup>st</sup> Century Orchestral, Rock n Roll, Gospel	Musical Styles: South African, Jazz: Contemporary, 20 <sup>th</sup> and 21 <sup>st</sup> Century Orchestral, Pop	<b>Musical Styles:</b> Reggae, 20 <sup>th</sup> and 21 <sup>st</sup> Century Orchestral, Pop, Film music	Musical Styles: Pop, Reggae 20 <sup>th</sup> and 21 <sup>st</sup> Century Orchestral, Film and TV music	Musical Styles: Pop, Romantic, 20 <sup>th</sup> and 21 <sup>st</sup> Century Orchestral, Rhythm and Blues

Year 5 Vocabulary	Melody, harmony, notation, chords, texture, 20 <sup>th</sup> and 21 <sup>st</sup> Century Orchestral, Gospel	Style, genre, ensemble, tempo, accelerando, Pop, Minimalism, 20 <sup>th</sup> and 21 <sup>st</sup> Century Orchestral, Rock n Roll, Gospel	Chord, triad, accompaniment, notation, composition, melody, South African, Jazz: Contemporary, 20 <sup>th</sup> and 21 <sup>st</sup> Century Orchestral, Pop	Texture, genre, sections, tonality, musical styles, atmosphere, articulation, Reggae, 20 <sup>th</sup> and 21 <sup>st</sup> Century Orchestral, Pop, Film music	Notation, interval, notes (F A C E) (E G B D F), melody, harmony, tonality, pentatonic scale, Pop, Reggae 20 <sup>th</sup> and 21 <sup>st</sup> Century Orchestral, Film and TV music	Compose, perform, structure, time signature (2, 3, 4, 5, beats in a bar and 6/8), texture change (thick to thin), Pop, Romantic, 20 <sup>th</sup> and 21 <sup>st</sup> Century Orchestral, Rhythm and Blues
Year 6 Knowledge	Music and Technology	Developing Ensemble Skills	Creative Composition	Musical Styles Connect Us	Improvising with Confidence	Farewell Tour
	Social Theme: How does music bring us together?	Social Theme: How does music connect us with our past?	Social Theme: How does music improve our world?	Social theme: How does music teach us about our community?	Social theme: How does music shape our way of life?	Social theme: How does music connect us with the environment?
	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these notes: C, D, E, F, F♯, G, A, B b , B	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these notes: C, D, E, F, F♯, G, A, B ♭, B	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these notes: C, C♯, D, E, F, F♯, G, A, B ♭, B	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these notes: C, C♯, D, E, F, F♯, G, A, B ♭, B	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these notes: C, C♯, D, E, F, F♯, G, G♯, A ♭, A, B ♭, B	Musical Learning: Singing and listening are at the heart of each lesson. Play, improvise and compose using a selection of these notes: C, C♯, D, E, F, F♯, G, G♯, A ♭, A, B ♭, B
	Musical Spotlight: Nowadays, music and songs are often created and composed using a DAW (Digital Audio Workstation). In all the units of work, there is a combination of live instruments with a DAW. Can you tell the difference between the live sounds and digital sounds? The YuStudio projects in the YuStudio tab will teach you invaluable skills in music production that	Musical Spotlight: You are all used to singing and playing together in a band or ensemble now. You will have gained confidence, so when you are playing together in this unit make sure to use dynamics and expression, read a notated instrumental part. Make sure you listen to one another and follow the leader if there is one. By	Musical Spotlight: By using chords in compositions, we can create music that is more harmonically interesting. We can also create accompaniment for a melody using chords. Explore how chords are used within the music in this unit by listening and responding to La Bamba and looking at the composition extension activities for Disco Fever.	Musical Spotlight: Music is powerful and brings people from different backgrounds and parts of the world together. When we dance, sing and play, we can all share ideas and it helps us to come together. Explore how the different styles of music in this unit developed from different social themes.	Musical Spotlight: You are now confident improvisers! You can create your own personal musical ideas. When you improvise in this unit, think about phrasing and dynamics. A 'phrase' is sort of like a 'musical sentence'. Sometimes, a melody is made up of many phrases – just like a paragraph is made up of many sentences. Explore how phrases fit	Musical Spotlight: This is your last performance before you move to high school. It will be a special performance, so take time to plan and include the songs and music that represent your class. You might perform in small groups or bands and as a whole class. Remember - band parts are available. Enjoy this performance!

	your musical journey and inspire your creativity.	of music, we can make the music more interesting. Sometimes, gradual changes from soft to loud ("crescendo") or from loud to soft ("decrescendo") can help make music more exciting.			melody. By changing the dynamics of music, we can make the music more interesting. Sometimes, gradual changes from soft to loud ('crescendo') or from loud to soft ('diminuendo') can help make music more exciting.	
	<b>Musical styles:</b> Soul, 20 <sup>th</sup> and 21 <sup>st</sup> Century Orchestral, Pop, Soul	<b>Musical styles:</b> Soul, Hip Hop, Jazz : Swing, 20th and 21 <sup>st</sup> Century Orchestral, Rock	<b>Musical styles:</b> Disco, Romantic, Rock and Roll, Pop	<b>Musical styles:</b> Rock, Romantic, Folk, Pop	<b>Musical styles:</b> Hip Hop, Gospel, Salsa, Rhythm and Blues	<b>Musical styles:</b> Reggae, Pop, Jazz, Soul, Film and TV music
Year 6 Vocabulary	DAW (digital audio workstation), live sound, digital sound, music production, dotted rhythms, syncopation, Soul, 20 <sup>th</sup> and 21 <sup>st</sup> Century Orchestral, Pop, Soul	Notation, crescendo, decrescendo, ensemble, dotted quavers, adagio (slow), A minor, Soul, Hip Hop, Jazz : Swing, 20th and 21 <sup>st</sup> Century Orchestral, Rock	Harmony, dotted crochet, C major, Disco, Romantic, Rock and Roll, Pop	Moderato, 5/4 (5 crochets in a bar), G major (1 sharp), articulation, Rock, Romantic, Folk, Pop	Phrase (musical sentence), phrasing, dynamic change, andante, key signature (D minor), triplet quavers, Hip Hop, Gospel, Salsa, Rhythm and Blues	Adagio, andante, moderato, compose, texture, timbre, Reggae, Pop, Jazz, Soul, Film and TV music